© CONTEC Ver.1.06

Isolated 16-bit Analog I/O Board for PCI Express

AIO-160802LI-PE



* Specifications, color and design of the products are subject to change without notice.

provide an analog signal I/O, input and output function on a PC. AIO-160802LI-PE features bus isolated 16-bit analog input 8 channels and 16-bit analog output 2 channels. Equipped with digital I/O and counter, this product is multifunction and

This product is a PCI Express bus-compliant interface board used to

Equipped with digital I/O and counter, this product is multifunction and bus isolated type that provides isolation between PC and external analog I/O circuit. This product carries buffer memory for 1K of data, allowing sampling to be performed in a variety of trigger / clock conditions.

Windows/Linux driver and full-fledged data logger software "C-LOGGER" is bundled with this product. Possible to be used as a data recording device for MATLAB and LabVIEW, with dedicated libraries.

- * The contents in this document are subject to change without notice.
- * Visit the CONTEC website to check the latest details in the document.
- * The information in the data sheets is as of June, 2022.

Features

Bus isolated high precision analog input 8 channels / output 2 channels, each 4 channels for digital I/O, counter 1 channel

This product has analog input (10μ sec / channel [100KSPS], 16-bit, 8 channels), analog output (10μ sec [100KSPS], 16-bit, 2 channels), analog I/O control signal (Isolation TTL level 6 channels), digital I/O (4 channels each for Isolation TTL level), counter (32-bit, Isolation TTL level 1 channel).

Functions and connectors are compatible with PCI compatible board ADAI16-8/2(LPCI)L

The functions same with PCI compatible board ADAI16-8/2(LPCI)L are provided. In addition, as there is compatibility in terms of connector shape and pin assignments, it is easy to migrate from the existing system.

Bus isolation between PC and external I/O signals by a digital isolator Isolation between PC and external I/O circuit by a digital isolator improves noise tolerance.

The start/end of sampling can be controlled by software, comparison of conversion data, an external trigger, etc.

You can select from software, comparison of conversion data or an external trigger to control the start of sampling. You can select from completion of sampling for a specified number of sessions, comparison of conversion data, an external trigger or software to control the end of sampling. The sampling cycle can be selected from the internal clock or an external clock.

Equipped with buffer memory (1K data) that can be used in the FIFO or RING format

The analog input block contains buffer memory (1K data) that can be used in the FIFO or RING format. This allows for background analog I/O that does not depend on the operation status of the software or PC.

Bus isolation between PC and external analog output circuit by a digital isolator

Isolation between PC and external analog output circuit by a digital isolator improves noise performance.

The start/end of sampling can be controlled by software, an external trigger, etc.

You can select from software, an external trigger to control the start of sampling. You can select from completion of sampling for a specified number of sessions, an external trigger or software to control forcibly the end of sampling. The sampling cycle can be selected from the internal clock or an external clock.

Safety design to adjust output voltage to 0V when power supply is turned on

To prevent the unstable voltage and the connected device of D/A converter from fault and malfunctions when the power supply is turned on, the circuit is designed to adjust output voltage of the analog output to 0V.

Equipped with buffer memory (1K data) that can be used in the FIFO or RING format

The analog output block contains buffer memory (1K data) that can be used in the FIFO or RING format. This allows for background analog output that does not depend on the operation status of the software or PC.

Digital filter function included to prevent misdetection due to chattering on external signals

A digital filter is included to prevent misdetection due to chattering on the control signal (external trigger input signal, sampling clock input signal, etc.), digital input signal and counter input signal. (Except from external clock input signal and counter gate signal)

Software-based calibration function

Calibration can be all performed by software. Apart from the adjustment information prepared before shipment, additional adjustment information can be stored according to the use environment.

Data logger software, Windows/Linux compatible driver libraries are attached.

Using the bundled data logger software "C-LOGGER" allows you to display recorded signal data in graphs, save files without any special program. In addition, the driver library API-PAC(W32) which makes it possible to create applications of Windows/Linux is provided.

MATLAB and LabVIEW is supported by a plug-in of dedicated library VI-DAQ.

Using the dedicated library MATLAB and VI-DAQ makes it possible to make a LabVIEW application.

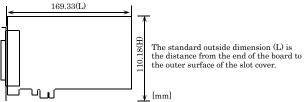
Specification

Item	Specifications				
Analog input					
Isolated specification	Bus-Isolated				
Input type	Single-Ended Input				
Number of input channels	8ch				
Input range	Bipolar ±10V				
Absolute max. input voltage	±20V				
Input impedance	1 M Ω or more				
Resolution	16bit				
Non-Linearity error *1*2	±16LSB				
Conversion speed	10μsec/ch*3 [100KSPS]*4				
Buffer memory	1k Word				
Conversion start trigger	Software / external trigger				
Conversion stop trigger	Number of sampling times / external trigger/software				
External start signal	Isolation TTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software) Digital filter (1msec can be selected by software)				
External stop signal	Isolation TTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software) Digital filter (1msec can be selected by software)				
External clock signal	Isolation TTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software)				
Analog output					
Isolated specification	Bus-Isolated				
Number of output channels	2ch				
Output range	Bipolar ±10V				
Absolute max. input currency	±5mA				
Output impedance	1Ω or less				
Resolution	16bit				
Non-Linearity error *1	±5LSB				
Conversion speed	10μsec [100KSPS]*4				
Buffer memory	1k Word				
Conversion start trigger	Software / external trigger				
Conversion stop trigger	Number of sampling times / external trigger/software				
External start signal	Isolation TTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software) Digital filter (1msec can be selected by software)				
External stop signal	Isolation TTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software) Digital filter (1msec can be selected by software)				
External clock signal	Isolation TTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software)				

- *1: The non-linearity error means an error of approximately 0.1% occurs over the maximum range at 0°C and 50°C ambient temperature.
- *2: At the time of the source use of a signal which built in the high-speed operational amplifier.
- *3: The required time is indicated in the analog to digital translation of one channel. When AD of two or more channels is converted, time of the a few minutes of the channel is necessary. Conversion time = Number of conversion channelsx10µsec
- *4: SPS = Samplings Per Second. The number of data that can be converted in one second is shown.

	Item	Specifications					
Digital I/	0						
Num	ber of input channels	Isolated input 4ch (TTL-level positive logic)					
Num chan	nber of output nnels	Isolated input 4ch (TTL-level positive logic)					
Counter							
Num	ber of channels	1ch					
Cour	nting system	Up count					
Max.	. count	FFFFFFFh (Binary data,32bit)					
Num	ber of external inputs	2 Isolation TTL-level (Gate/Up) Gate (positive logic/level), Up (Rising edge)					
Num outp	iber of external uts	1 Isolation TTL-level Count match output (positive logic, pulse output)					
Resp	onse frequency	1MHz (Max.)					
Commor	n section						
I/O a	address	64 ports					
Inter	ruption level	Errors and various factors, One interrupt request line as INTA					
Conr	nector	10250-52A2JL[3M]					
Powe	er consumption	3.3VDC 1100mA (Max.)					
Oper	rating condition	0 - 50°C, 10 - 90%RH (No condensation)					
Buss	specification	PCI Express Base Specification Rev. 1.0a x1					
Dime	ension (mm)	169.33 (L) x 110.18(H)					
Weig	jht	120g					
Stan	dard	VCCI Class A, CE Marking (EMC Directive Class A, RoHS Directive), UKCA					

Dimensions



Support Software

Windows version of analog I/O driver API-AIO(WDM)

The API-AIO(WDM) is the Windows version driver library software that provides products in the form of Win32 API functions (DLL). Various sample programs such as Visual Basic and Visual C++, etc and diagnostic program *1useful for checking operation is provided.

For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Linux version of analog I/O driver API-AIO(LNX)

The API-AIO(LNX) is the Linux version driver software which provides device drivers (modules) by shared library and kernel version. Various sample programs of gcc are provided.

For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Data Logger Software C-LOGGER

C-LOGGER is a data logger software program compatible with our analog I/O products. This program enables the graph display of recorded signal data, zoom observation, file saving, and dynamic transfer to the spreadsheet software "Excel". No troublesome programming is required.

For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Data Acquisition library for MATLAB ML-DAQ

This is the library software which allows you to use our analog I/O device products on MATLAB by the MathWorks. Each function is offered in accordance with the interface which is integrated in MATLAB's Data Acquisition Toolbox.

For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Data acquisition VI library for LabVIEW VI-DAQ

This is a VI library to use in National Instruments LabVIEW.

VI-DAQ is created with a function form similar to that of LabVIEW's Data Acquisition VI, allowing you to use various devices without complicated settings.

For more details on the library and download of VI-DAQ, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Packing List

Board [AIO-160802LI-PE] ...1

First step guide ... 1

Disk *1 [API-PAC(W32)] ...1

Warranty Certificate ...1

Serial Number Label ...1

*1 The bundled disk contains the driver software and User's Guide.

List of Options

Shield Cable with 50-Pin Mini-Ribbon Connectors

at either Ends :PCB50PS-0.5P (0.5m)

:PCB50PS-1.5P (1.5m)

Shield Cable with 50-Pin Mini-Ribbon Connector

at one End :PCA50PS-0.5P (0.5m)

:PCA50PS-1.5P (1.5m)

:EPD-50A *1*2

:ATBA-8L *1*3

Screw Terminal Unit (M3 x 50P)

Buffer Amplifier Box for Analog Input Boards

(8ch type)

Buffer Amplifier Box for Analog Input Boards
(16ch type) :ATBA-16L *1*3

BNC Terminal Unit

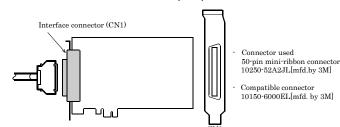
(for analog input 8ch) :ATP-8L *1*4

- *1 PCB50PS-0.5P or PCB50PS-1.5P optional cable is required separately.
- *2 "Spring-up" type terminal is used to prevent terminal screws from falling off.
- *3 An external power supply is necessary (optional AC adaptor POA200-20 prepared.)
- $^{*}4$ Capable of using the analog input of up to 8ch, and analog output of up to 2ch.
- * Check the CONTEC's Web site for more information on these options.

How to connect the connectors

Connector shape

To connect an external device to this board, plug the cable from the device into the interface connector (CN1) shown below.



Connector Pin Assignment

Pin Assignments of AIO-160802LI-PE Interface Connector (CN1)

i iii Assigiii iiciilis c									
Non Connect	N.C.	50					25	AO 00	Analog Output 00
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	49					24	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Non Connect	N.C.	48					23	AO 01	Analog Output 01
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	47			_		22	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Analog Input 04	AI 04	46		_			21	AI 00	Analog Input 00
Non Connect	N.C.	45	50	_	 -	25	20	N.C.	Non Connect
Analog Input 05	AI 05	44					19	AI 01	Analog Input 01
Non Connect	N.C.	43					18	N.C.	Non Connect
Analog Ground (for AI)	AGND	42					17	AGND	Analog Ground (for AI)
Analog Ground (for AI)	AGND	41					16	AGND	Analog Ground (for AI)
Analog Input 06	AI 06	40					15	AI 02	Analog Input 02
Non Connect	N.C.	39					14	N.C.	Non Connect
Analog Input 07	AI 07	38					13	AI 03	Analog Input 03
Non Connect	N.C.	37					12	N.C.	Non Connect
AO External Start Trigger	AO START	36					11	AI START	AI External Start Trigger
AO External Stop Trigger	AO STOP	35					10	AI STOP	AI External Stop Trigger
AO External Sampling Clock	AO EXCLK	34					9	AI EXCLK	AI External Sampling Clock
Digital Ground	DGND	33					8	DGND	Digital Ground
Digital Output 00	DO 00	32					7	DI 00	Digital Input 00
Digital Output 01	DO 01	31	26-	$\overline{}$	_	~ 1	6	DI 01	Digital Input 01
Digital Output 02	DO 02	30					5	DI 02	Digital Input 02
Digital Output 03	DO 03	29					4	DI 03	Digital Input 03
Digital Ground	DGND	28					3	DGND	Digital Ground
Counter UP Clock Input	CNT	27					2	CNT	Counter Gate Control Input
Reserved	Reserved	26					1	CNT OUT	Counter Output

Analog Input00 - Analog Input07	Analog input signal. The numbers correspond to channel numbers.
Analog Output00 - Analog Output01	Analog output signal. The numbers correspond to channel numbers.
Analog Ground	Common analog ground for analog I/O signals.
AI External Start Trigger Input	External trigger input for starting analog input sampling.
AI External Stop Trigger Input	External trigger input for stopping analog input sampling.

AI External Sampling Clock Input	External sampling clock input for analog input.
AO External Start Trigger Input	External trigger input for starting analog output sampling.
AO External Stop Trigger Input	External trigger input for stopping analog output sampling.
AO External Sampling Clock Input	External sampling clock input for analog output.
Digital Input00 - Digital Input03	Digital input signal.
Digital Output00 - Digital Output03	Digital output signal.
Counter Gate Control Input	Gate control input signal for counter:
Counter Up Clock Input	Count-up clock input signal for counter.
Counter Output	Counter output signal.
Digital Ground	Common digital ground for digital I/O signals, external trigger inputs, external sampling dock inputs, and counter I/O signals.
Reserved	Reserved pin.
N.C.	No connection to this pin.

CAUTION

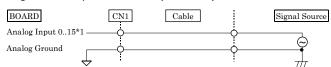
- Do not connect any of the outputs and power outputs to the analog or digital ground.
 Neither connect outputs to each other. Doing either can result in a fault.
- If analog and digital ground are shorted together, noise on the digital signals may affect the analog signals. Accordingly, analog and digital ground should be separated.
- Leave "Reserved" pins unconnected. Connecting these pins may cause a fault in the board.

Analog Input Signal Connection

Single-ended Input

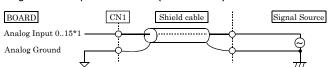
The following figure shows an example of flat cable connection. Connect separate signal and ground wires for each analog input channel on CN1.

Single-ended Input Connection (Flat Cable)



The following figure shows an example of shield cable connection. Use shielded cable if the distance between the signal source and board is long or if you want to provide better protection from noise. For each analog input channel on CN1, connect the core wire to the signal line and connect the shielding to ground.

Single-ended Input Connection (Shield Cable)



*1 The number of channels depends on each board. The AIO-160802LI-PE has eight channels.

CAUTION

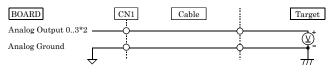
- If the signal source contains over 1MHz signals, the signal may effect the cross-talk noise between channels.
- If the board and the signal source receive noise or the distance between the board and the signal source is too long, data may not be input properly.
- An input analog signal should not exceed the maximum input voltage (relate to the board analog ground). If it exceeds the maximum voltage, the board may be damaged.
- Connect all the unused analog input channels to analog ground.
- The signal connected to an input pin may fluctuate after switching of the multiplexer. If this occurs, shorten the cable between the signal source and the analog input pin or insert a high-speed amplifier as a buffer between the two to reduce the fluctuation.
- Analog ground of CN1 is isolated from the ground in the PC.

Analog Output Signal Connection

This section shows how to connect the analog output signal by using a flat cable or a shielded cable.

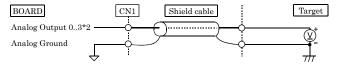
The following figure shows an example of flat cable connection. Connect the signal source and ground to the CN1 analog output.

Analog Output Connection (Flat Cable)



The following figure shows an example of shield cable connection. Use shielded cable if the distance between the signal source and board is long or if you want to provide better protection from noise. For each analog input channel on CN1, connect the core wire to the signal line and connect the shielding to ground.

Analog Output Connection (Shield Cable)



*2 The number of channels depends on each board. The AIO-160802LI-PE has two channels.

CAUTION

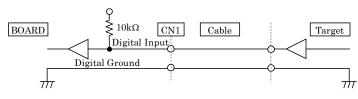
- When the power supply is turned on, the output voltage of all channels becomes OV.
- If the board or the connected wire receives noise, or the distance between the board and the target is long, data may not be outputted properly.
- Do not short the analog output signal to analog ground, digital ground, and/or power line.
 Doing so may damage the board.
- Do not connect an analog output signal to any other analog output, either on the board or on an external device, as this may cause a fault on the board.
- Analog ground of CN1 is isolated from the ground in the PC.

Digital I/O signals, Counter signals and Control signals Connection

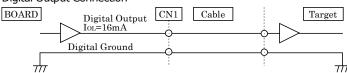
The following sections show examples of how to connect digital I/O signals, counter I/O signals, and other control I/O signals (external trigger input signals, sampling clock input signals, etc.).

All the digital I/O signals and control signals are TTL level signals.

Digital Input Connection



Digital Output Connection



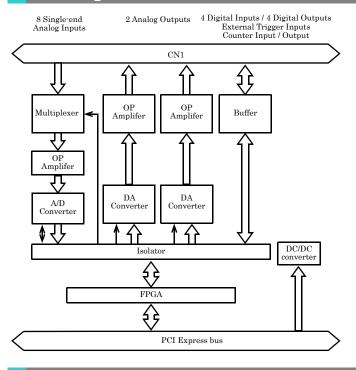
About the counter input control signal

Counter Gate Control Input (refer to the chapter 3 Connector Pin Assignment) acts as an input that validate or invalidate the input of an external clock for the counter. This function enables the control of an external clock input for the counter. The external clock for the counter is effective when input is "High", and invalid when input is "Low". If unconnected, it is a pull-up in the board (card) and remains "High". Therefore the external clock for the counter is effective when the counter gate control input is not connected.

CAUTION

- Do not short the output signals to analog ground, digital ground, and/or power line. Doing so may damage the board.
- Do not connect a digital output signal to any other digital output, either on the board or on an
 external device, as this may cause a fault on the board.
- Analog ground of CN1 is isolated from the ground in the PC

Block Diagram



Difference from ADAI16-8/2(LPCI)L

The functions same with conventional product of ADAI16-8/2(LPCI)L are provided with the AIO-160802LI-PE. In addition, as there is compatibility in terms of connector shape and pin assignments, it is easy to migrate from the existing system. So you can use the same operating procedures as ADAI16-8/2(LPCI)L.

There are some differences in specifications as shown below.

	AIO-160802LI-PE	ADAI16-8/2(LPCI)L		
Power +3.3VDC 1100mA (Max.) consumption		+5VDC 680mA (Max.)		
Bus specification	PCI Express Base Specification Rev. 1.0a x1	PCI (32-bit, 33MHz, Universal key shapes supported)		
Dimension (mm)	169.33(L) x 110.18(H)	121.69(L) x 63.41(H)		
Weight	120g	65g		